

ESP8266, MQTT, & openHab Show & Tell

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Physical Parts

Raspberry Pi 2

Linux
openHab
MQTT broker
web server

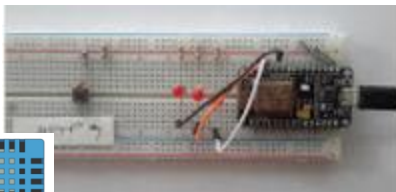


Club Ethernet
TP-Link WR841N Wireless Router
(running open source **Gargoyle** software)
ap: pkTest pass: testpassword

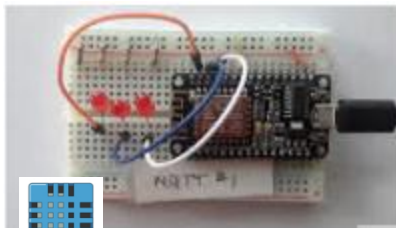


Win7 Laptop
Browser,
Remote
Control
of Pi

ESP8266-12 NodeMcu Development
Model 2



Web Server



MQTT Client
ESP8266-1



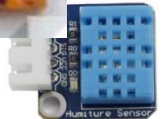
ESP8266-12 NodeMcu Development Model 1



MQTT Client
ESP8266-2



MQTT Client
ESP8266-3



DHT11

Raspberry Pi 2

- Quad-core 32bit 1 GHz processor with 1 GB memory, microSD card (32 GB in this case)
- Running Debian Linux (Jessie release downloaded from raspberrypi.org)
- Packages installed:
 - Apache Web Server
 - MySQL database
 - openHAB web server
 - OpenLibre (office suite)
 - Mosquitto MQTT Broker
 - Mosquitto Test Clients (`_sub`, `_pub`)

NodeMcu Development Kits

- NodeMcu kits are open source / design
 - Normally firmware is Lua programming language
 - Lots of sample open source code available
 - Firmware for C language also available (although I have not used)
- Model 1
 - Includes battery pack & voltage regulator (3.3v)
 - Includes test lights, photo-resistor
 - Need extra usb to Serial interface board for program / debugging
- Model 2
 - Includes self contained usb connector for power and data
 - Includes voltage regulator (5v usb to 3.3v ESP8266)
 - Works well with standard breadboards
- Model 3 (un-official)
 - Caution: does not work with standard breadboards

ESP8266 Web Server

- Need to know IP address of the ESP8266 web server to call from browser:
 - <http://192.168.0.168/Lights> (get status)
 - <http://192.168.0.168/Lights?1=ON> (set light)
 - <http://192.168.0.168/Temp> (get temp)
 - <http://192.168.0.168/Humidity> (get)
- Server always waiting for request – can't tell anyone of problems / success unless asked

ESP8266 HTTP Request & Response

- <http://192.168.0.168/Lights>
 - {"Lights": [{"Light": "5", "status": "OFF"}, {"Light": "4", "status": "OFF"}, {"Light": "0", "status": "OFF"}]}
- <http://192.168.0.168/Lights?light5=1&light4=0>
 - {"Lights": [{"Light": "5", "status": "ON"}, {"Light": "4", "status": "OFF"}, {"Light": "0", "status": "OFF"}]}
- <http://192.168.0.168/Temp>
 - {"Temp": "75.2" }
- <http://192.168.0.168/Humidity>
 - {"Humidity": "56" }

MQTT

- Broker software running on Pi waits for clients
 - to connect and either send (publish) topic + data
 - Or to connect and subscribe (listen) to topic(s)
- Clients can both subscribe and publish
- Allows for multiple subscribers to same topic
- Topics used today:
 - ESP8266-1/IN/... messages being sent to ESP #1)
 - ESP9266-1/OUT/... messages from ESP #1

MQTT ESP8266 Clients

- Listen for messages with topic - subscribes to ESP8266-1/IN/#
 - SetLight Data: 1=ON or 1=OFF
 - No response
 - GetLight Data: Light #
 - Response: ESP8266-1/OUT/Light Data: 1=ON
 - GetTemp Data: 99
 - Response ESP8266-1/OUT/Temp Data: 99
 - GetHumidity Data: 11
 - Response ESP8266-1/OUT/Humidity Data: 11
- Automatically sends out Temp, Humidity, and LightLevel messages on change in values
- At reboot – sends message
 - ESP8266-1/OUT/Restart
 - [Rule runs in openHAB to reset the status of lights to OFF.]
- Clients must know address of broker

MQTT Test Clients

- MQTT Broker runs on Pi
 - Linux package called mosquitto
- Browser (sample html / Javascript copied from web site and heavily amended)
 - <http://raspberrypi/test.mosquitto.html>
- On Pi
 - `mosquitto_sub -v -t ESP8266-1/#`
 - # is a wildcard to match multiple sub-levels
 - `mosquitto_pub -t ESP8266-1/OUT/Lights -m “`

Cost / Benefits – using mqtt

- Cost:
 - mqtt requires broker software to be running
- Benefits:
 - Notification immediate – no waiting for subscribers to poll each remote unit for updates
 - Client can send and receive messages
 - mqtt broker can store all or last message for each topic (Quality of Service & Message Retention options)
 - multiple programs can see same message (very helpful in debugging)

openHAB

- Open source project for home automation
 - openHAB.org
 - Written in Java with many extensions (“bindings”) for connecting to products (i.e., Philips Hue, Wemo, etc)
 - Running as a web server on Pi at port 8080
 - Use browser plus apps for Android / Apple
- Configuration files
 - Sitemap defines layout
 - Items defines items and how connected / controlled
 - Rules define actions to take on data updates/changes
 - Transformations to extract or reform data
 - openhab.cfg defines services run automatically
 - i.e., use to collect weather data each 5 minutes

openHAB

- Steep learning curve
 - Took over two weeks before started to make real sense
 - Learn to look to demo / examples configurations
 - Documentation apparently written by German program authors
- Some very good YouTube videos
- Demo